

**9-1 Final Project: Nurturing Innovation at SNHU Motors Using the Spider Plant  
Organizational Model**

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## **Abstract**

Today's automotive industry demands agility and rapid innovation—a feat challenging to achieve within traditional tall matrix organizational structures like that of SNHU Motors. This crucial study examines the direct impact of such a structure on innovation and assesses whether it is adequate, let alone optimal, for swiftly changing consumer expectations and technological advancement.

### ***The Tall Matrixed Organization at SNHU Motors***

SNHU Motors' commitment to fostering centers of excellence results in remarkable specialization and expertise, forming a powerful axis for innovation. Deep knowledge is indeed an asset, but the intricacies of a matrix organization introduce slow communication channels and hinder the organization's capacity to harness insights directly from customer interactions—insights pivotal in kindling the spark of innovation.

### ***The Centralization Conundrum***

Centralized decision-making within SNHU Motors brings consistency and prevents fragmentation. Yet, this analysis reveals a stark trade-off! To start off, this type of centralized decision making is an outdated, 20<sup>th</sup> century management paradigm that suppresses the autonomy required to achieve a nimble, adaptive response to innovation, particularly within an expansively diverse global market. This type of decision making will not be viable in the 21<sup>st</sup> century where industries are in constant flux and transformation. Processes adhered to with great rigidity may inadvertently silence the whispers of disruptive change which can stifle creativity and hold a company back.

### *Striking the Balance Between Order and Innovation*

This research paper advocates for a significant restructuring within SNHU Motors toward a more decentralized "Spider Plant" model, promoting autonomy and resilience. A model where cross-functional teams convene and disband in response to project needs and market shifts presents a promising antithesis to the existing rigidity of matrixed models.

The findings articulate SNHU Motors' exigent need to reevaluate its organizational structure. It posits that adopting a Spider Plant model may bolster the company's competitive stance, driving it into a future where it doesn't only support innovation but actively catalyzes it. The ideal form would encompass agility, responsiveness, and an enriched culture of innovation, ultimately ensuring SNHU Motors' trajectory towards industry leadership.

In propagating an innovative culture forward, businesses must look to structures that ignite passion, democratize ideation, and facilitate swift action. SNHU Motors, in embracing such fluidity, could authorize a profound change—championing an internal ecosystem wherein innovation isn't merely produced; it is organically engineered.

Key points of fostering innovation conclude that tall organizational structures, while providing order and discipline, can impede swift innovation which the industry requires. Empowering lower-level decision-making and encouraging more adaptable team structures could usher in enhanced, sustainable advantage for companies like SNHU Motors in the competitive terrain of the automotive industry.

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## **Nurturing Innovation at SNHU Motors Using the Spider Plant Organizational Model**

At the heart of every thriving industry lies an unwavering commitment to innovation—particularly in the automotive sector, a realm defined by rapid technological advancements and shifting consumer expectations. For organizations like SNHU Motors, where the wheels of change are slow to turn, traditional rigid structures have become an impediment to the agility required to lead in such a turbulent and fast paced environment. The crucial question we face today is not whether our current tall matrix structure suffices, but whether it epitomizes the optimal environment for inciting and harnessing the sparks of innovation that will light the way forward.

The tall matrix organization, with its rich specialization and highly skilled Centers of Excellence (COE), has been a pillar of strength for SNHU Motors. It has enabled us to deliver top-tier, technologically advanced products with the utmost quality and safety standards—a non-negotiable in our industry. Yet, as we continue to find ourselves behind the competition, it is now time to confront the fact that this very strength may now be acting as a barrier against the swift, grassroots innovation that is indispensable for progress (MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)).

Innovation is not solely about technological breakthroughs; it's also about adopting methodologies that allow for creativity, insight, and foresight to manifest into tangible outcomes rapidly. This understanding begs us to reconsider our approach, shifting from the centralized, tall matrix that has defined SNHU Motors to an innovative, hybrid organizational model that I will describe as the Spider Plant Model which was originally termed by Gareth Morgan, author of *Imaginization: New Mindsets for Seeing, Organizing, and Managing*—an organic, adaptable

framework that fosters a proliferation of innovative ideas while still nurturing the solid roots of expertise (Morgan, 1997).

### **The Limitations of a Tall Matrix**

In our exploration of SNHU Motors' innovation capabilities under our existing tall matrix framework, we've unearthed that while specialization is our forte, it often comes at the cost of flexibility and adaptability (MBA 580 CTO Brief). Decision-making layers that are far removed from the pulsating heartbeat of the marketplace can inadvertently miss those whispers of user feedback that can germinate into groundbreaking ideas.

### **The Catalyst of Flexibility**

Our vision is clear: SNHU Motors must reinvent itself as an organization that upholds its high standards of excellence while also permeating every tier with the capacity for nimble action and innovation. This calls for a model reminiscent of the Spider Plant, with a strong central core—our specialty COE's—and a multitude of offshoots representing autonomous, agile teams that are free to quickly respond to new ideas and market shifts (Hughes, 2023).

### **The Hybrid Model: A Convergent Solution**

For SNHU Motors to steer itself toward a future defined by constant innovation, it must establish a novel organizational architecture—one that incorporates clear lines of specialty while simultaneously fostering a culture of adaptability. In this new hybrid form of organization, we will see fluid teams convene around strategic projects and market needs, enabling the company to act decisively at levels closer to ground zero of innovation to allow for a quicker response to market demand (MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)).

## **Practicing Decentralized Agility**

Empowering employees at all levels with decision-making authority is no menial feat, yet it is one that can yield significant benefits. By becoming a flatter organization which would entail eliminating excessive hierarchical barriers and encouraging cross-functional collaboration, we can catapult SNHU Motors to the forefront of the automotive juggernauts such as VW known for their rapid response to innovation.

The road forward for SNHU Motors requires the courage to transition towards an organizational model that marries the steadfastness of our strategic paradigms with the dexterity to mobilize swiftly around innovative impulses. By embracing the Spider Plant Model's hybrid structure, we are not simply adapting to changes; we are embodying the transformation that defines a leader in the contemporary automotive industry, poised for a journey where innovation lies at the heart of every endeavor.

### **Describe the current organizational structure's impact on innovation.**

In an ecosystem where agility and rapid response to consumer demands are becoming imperative, automotive leaders like SNHU Motors are re-evaluating their organizational structures. The tall matrix design that characterizes SNHU Motors has both fostered deep expertise and presented challenges to innovation (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*). The question we must ask is whether this structure is not just viable but optimal for addressing the current tides of change in the automotive industry (*MBA 580 Chief Technology Officer (CTO) Brief*).



## **The Double-Edged Sword of a Tall Matrixed Organization**

Utilizing a tall matrix organizational structure, SNHU Motors benefits from specialized Centers of Excellence (COE) that harness deep knowledge and expertise. This expertise is crucial in automotive innovation, where sophisticated technology and high standards of safety and quality reign supreme (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*).

However, the complexity of the matrix creates challenges. When decision-makers are far removed from daily customer interactions, insights that can spark innovation may be overlooked. Furthermore, tall structures often come with slow communication channels, hindering the speed and efficiency crucial for decision-making.

## **The Centralization Conundrum**

SNHU Motors' centralized approach ensures a consistent strategy and prevents fragmentation of efforts. It capitalizes on specialization, channeling resources into areas where SNHU Motors can lead the market through excellence. However, centralization may also stifle the autonomy needed to drive fast-paced innovation and localized adaptation required in a diverse global market (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*).

By adhering tightly to standard processes, SNHU Motors risks a rigidity that can quash novel, ad-hoc strategies which often are the seeds of disruptive innovation. Also, matrixed organizations can unintentionally foster functional silos, stunting cross-pollination of ideas—ideas that are the catalyst for groundbreaking advancements in automotive design and technology (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*).

## **Striking the Balance Between Order and Innovation**

The project-based nature of a matrix requires specialists to report to multiple managers and often to juggle working on several projects. This amounts to a complex dance that requires meticulous coordination and balance—each step measured and precise.

While this dual reporting structure leverages diverse functional expertise for specific product developments, it might lead to conflicts in priority, diluted focus, and ambiguity in authority. True innovative potential may remain untapped if specialists are rooted more firmly in their functional silos, concentrating on distinct goals rather than overarching, innovative initiatives.

To recapture the spirit of innovation, change may be on the horizon for SNHU Motors. The company could consider more adaptive, team-based structures that enable faster decision-making closer to the market pulse. Empowering lower-level employees with decision-making authority could boost responsiveness and creativity, ensuring that the organization captures and acts upon innovative opportunities with agility.

## **Steering Towards a Flexible Future**

An innovative organizational design that SNHU Motors may explore is one that maintains clear lines of specialty expertise while cultivating a culture of agile, cross-functional collaboration. Fluid team structures that form and reform around evolving projects and regional market shifts could replace the rigidity of traditional matrix models.

A more dynamically networked structure could also facilitate faster knowledge sharing and decision-making. This approach relies less on hierarchical governance and more on collaborative, outcome-driven paradigms—where experts are not just seated within a function but actively engaged in interdisciplinary teams with autonomy and a shared vision.

### **The Road Ahead for SNHU Motors**

As SNHU Motors faces the demands of a rapidly evolving automotive landscape, a reshaped matrix structure that emphasizes flexibility and decisive action at multiple organizational levels may be the key. The tall matrix organization has clearly delineated boundaries, rich specialization, and a strong strategic head (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*). Yet, if the company seeks to be as dynamic and responsive as the vehicles it aims to design, breaking down silos and empowering broader decision-making could set the stage for an environment where innovation is not just supported but thrives.

By embracing organizational fluidity, SNHU Motors can pave a path toward enduring market leadership, where innovation accelerates and takes precedence on the fast lane of the automotive industry.

### **Recommending Embracing the Spider Plant Structure: Cultivating Innovation and Resilience at SNHU Motors**

Organizational structure is the backbone of any company, more so for industry giants like SNHU Motors that operate on a global scale. Like the trellis supporting a vine, it upholds a company's strategy and culture but can just as easily constrain growth and agility. In the automotive world, where innovation and market responsiveness are the currencies of success,

SNHU Motors stands at a crossroads, with its current tall matrixed structure posing significant challenges to its growth and agility (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*).

### **The Current Matrix: A Tangled Web of Decisions**

SNHU Motors, with its tall matrixed framework and centralized decision-making, excels in maintaining control and offering specialized expertise through its centers of excellence (*MBA 580 Organization Overview (Processes, Structure, Culture)*). But this comes at a cost – compromised agility, slow response times to market changes, and potential disconnection between company objectives and customer needs. The industry's accelerating pace does not afford the luxury of traversing through extensive hierarchies or getting entangled in the webs of complex communication.

In a marketplace where customers expect not only quality vehicles, but innovative and environmentally friendly options delivered faster than ever, this structure hinders SNHU Motors from driving full speed ahead. It's essential, therefore, to explore a transformational shift in organizational design. Enter the Spider Plant model – an organizational metaphor exemplifying growth, decentralization, and resilience.

### **The Spider Plant Model: Rooting Innovation Deep Within the Organization**

The Spider Plant, with its central hub and extending shoots, is an embodiment of organic growth and decentralization – qualities essential for fostering innovation and agility. Each of these offshoots, or what Morgan called spiderettes, can become a new plant, independent yet still be inherently connected to the parent (Morgan, 1997).

Translating this metaphor to SNHU Motors, envisages a central hub fostering expertise and cultural cohesiveness, while decentralized, autonomous teams (i.e. spiderettes as Gareth Morgan (1997) calls it) focus on specific market demands and innovations (Hughes, 2023). The result? A structure that propels multidirectional growth, speeds up decision-making, and is inherently client focused.

This 'Spider Plant' structure enables a dynamic balance between the value of centralized policymaking and the responsiveness of decentralized empowerment. Each autonomous unit mirrors the central hub's ethos but enjoys the freedom to innovate, adapt rapidly to regional market changes, and directly cater to customer needs.

### **Weaving the Web of Change: Challenges and Transitions**

Adapting to a Spider Plant structure is no small feat, especially for an established entity like SNHU Motors. Such a shift entails cultural, procedural, and mindset changes (Hughes, 2023). Here's where the organization needs to be both strategic and empathetic, ensuring a smooth transition through:

***Leadership Development:*** Empowering leaders at all levels with the tools and mindset needed to embrace decentralization.

***Communication Cascade:*** Implementing transparent, two-way communication strategies to ensure all members are aligned with the organization's vision and goals.

***Talent Mobility:*** Creating systems that enable employees to flow between the 'hub' and 'spiderettes,' facilitating knowledge transfer and a sense of connectedness.

***Agile Processes:*** Redefining processes to be more flexible, allowing for rapid iteration based on direct market feedback.

***Iterative Approach:*** Taking a phased implementation plan, starting with small, controlled experiments to refine the approach before scaling up.

The transition will raise skepticism and roadblocks. The amalgamation of different mindsets and departments synchronizing like the parts of a well-oiled engine will need a methodical and considerate approach. But in the age where adaptability and innovation reign supreme, the cost of inertia outweighs the complications of change.

### **Revving the Engine of Innovation: A Conclusion with Acceleration**

The Spider Plant organizational model proposes a transformative path forward for SNHU Motors. It's a strategy that roots deep into the fertile ground of adaptability, cultivates resilient growth patterns, and sprouts innovations that align closely with market demands (Hughes, 2023).

In conclusion, embracing the Spider Plant metaphor is more than just restructuring; it's about cultivating a culture that breeds innovation by design. It requires leaders to empower their teams, trust in their expertise, and foster an environment where swift and responsive action towards market demands is not just possible – it's a natural reflex (Morgan, 1997).

At its core, the transition promises a more agile, responsive, and innovative future for SNHU Motors. The road ahead will be one of learning and adaptation, but with the Spider Plant as our guide, we're set to outpace the competition and deliver automotive solutions that resonate with our customers and lead the market.

### **Explain how organizational changes support a culture of innovation.**

In the fast-paced automotive industry, the race for innovation isn't just about who's got the most advanced technology or the sleekest designs. It's also about who has the most agile and responsive organizational structure capable of fostering and implementing innovative ideas. SNHU Motors has a current culture that is rooted in an outdated, tall, matrix structure compounded by deep silos and a top-down communication style, which may actually be the Achilles' heel in this race for market leadership in the automotive industry (*MBA 580 Chief Technology Officer (CTO) Brief*).

#### **The Innovation Stifling Structure**

In the current landscape of SNHU Motors, each division operates almost as its own entity, with layers of management that must be navigated for any significant decision-making process. This structure slows down the flow of information, stifles collaboration across functions, and ultimately undermines the company's ability to innovate effectively. Moreover, the command-and-control approach to communication further compounds these issues, creating an environment where feedback is a one-way street and where the voices that may spark innovation are often unheard.

The tall structure is not without its merits - it enables clear lines of authority and detailed supervision of operations. However, in the context of innovation, it raises barriers. Information from the marketplace often has to travel up the chain of command before any action occurs. During this process, vital nuances may be lost, or market responsiveness could be reduced to a crawl.

## **Embracing a Culture of Collaboration**

What SNHU Motors—and indeed any company entrenched in traditional organizational structures—need to consider, is a pivot towards a structure that emphasizes horizontal collaboration over vertical instruction. Breaking down silos allows for a free flow of information and ideas, where cross-functional teams can work together to problem-solve in ways that blend their expertise. This interdepartmental synergism is the fertile ground on which innovation thrives.

To disrupt the current culture, SNHU Motors must cultivate a new ethos that values input from all levels of the organization, realizing the potential in each employee to contribute to innovation. In fact, the individuals working on the front lines are often the ones who are confronted with daily challenges and may have the most insightful solutions. Yet, under the current structure, their insights frequently go untapped.

## **Forging a New Path to Innovation**

By flattening the organizational hierarchy, not only does the company become more nimble, but it also empowers employees, facilitating a more engaged and dynamic workforce. When employees know that their ideas are valued and have a real chance of being heard and implemented, the psychological barrier to thinking outside the proverbial box lowers.

The adaptation of this leaner, more flexible organizational design is not just about removing layers of hierarchy, but simultaneously nurturing a culture of empowerment, transparency, and responsiveness. It requires leadership to move away from a command-and-control paradigm to one that is more about guiding, mentoring, and enabling.



As we look to the future, the question for SNHU Motors is not solely how to continuously innovate their products, but how to transform their organizational architecture to sustain and propel such an endeavor. The matrix's corridors must become conduits, not just for orders, but for the bi-directional flow of ideas.

For SNHU Motors to maintain its competitive edge and position itself as a harbinger of automotive innovation, it must appreciate that innovation is as much about internal processes as it is about product development. The company's legacy can be honored through a bold transformation that reshapes not just the vehicles it produces, but also the very fabric of its organizational structure.

It is time for SNHU Motors to rev its engines and steer towards a more collaborative, agile, and innovative future—where ideas move as fast as their cars, and where every employee is not just a gear in a machine, but a driver on the road to innovation.

Innovation and botany don't often appear in the same sentence, yet nature's unparalleled mastery of resilience, adaptation, and growth presents a reservoir of wisdom for business leaders today. The humble spider plant, with its unique structural composition, provides poignant metaphors for cultivating a culture of innovation in modern organizations (Morgan, 1997).

### **Rooting for Resilience: The Spider Plant Blueprint**

At the heart of it, a spider plant flourishes through a powerful root system. It's simple but robust; extensive but not invasive. This is the first lesson for any business aiming to foster innovation—cultivate a strong foundation. Just as a spider plant's roots support its growth, a company must establish solid support systems. These include continuous learning opportunities,

open communication channels, and platforms where ideas can germinate. By nurturing these roots, organizations can better withstand the unpredictable winds of change that so often characterize our economic and technological landscape .

### **Adaptive Growth: Unlocking Business Agility**

Spider plants are also a symbol of adaptability. They can thrive in various conditions, adjusting to different levels of light and water with an unerring survival instinct. For businesses, this translates into the capability to pivot and evolve amidst evolving market demands—a key feature of innovative companies. Leaders should take a leaf from the spider plant’s book, encouraging adaptive strategies, investing in cross-functional skill development, and remaining ever-alert to the faintest tremblings of market shifts. By doing so, they promote an environment where adaptation is not only possible but expected.

### **Symbiotic Ecosystems: An Interconnected Approach to Innovation**

Perhaps one of the most distinctive features of a spider plant is its stolon’s—runners that extend outward from the main plant to create new offspring. This aspect of a spider plant illustrates the exponential potential of a culture of innovation. Each new idea can serve as a springboard for further innovations, much like a stolon spawn’s new plants. The interconnectedness within an innovation-driven organization means that success isn’t siloed but rather shared, cultivated, and encouraged across departments. By fostering a collaborative ecosystem, companies ensure that innovation remains not the prerogative of a few but the mission of all.

### **Regeneration and Resilience: The Symbols of Sustained Innovation**

Finally, consideration of a spider plant's ability to regenerate is essential. These plants can rejuvenate themselves, often from just a segment of their own make-up—a powerful allegory for resilience in business. Innovation isn't always about incessant novel inventions but also about the capacity to refine, renew, and even repurpose existing ideas into something more potent. True innovation leaders acknowledge the importance of resilience, creating spaces for experimentation, embracing failure as part of the growth process, and constantly refining their approach.

### **Embracing Organizational Photosynthesis: Turning Resources into Growth**

Returning to our botanical analogy, we are reminded that plants convert resources to growth through a process of photosynthesis. In translation, innovative cultures excel at leveraging their resources—be they human, financial, intellectual, or technological—to drive advancements and growth. Understanding the efficiency of resource utilization in a spider plant can inspire optimized asset management in a business context, ensuring that everything available to an organization is used to its utmost potential.

### **The Green Thumb of Innovation**

Nature teaches us powerful lessons in patience, persistence, and environmental harmony, all of which are integral to fostering a culture of innovation. The spider plant's structural dynamics offer a blueprint for building resilient, adaptable, and interconnected ecosystems within our organizations. By observing the growth patterns, adaptive nature, and foundational strengths of these resilient plants, leaders can gain fresh perspectives on how to sow, nurture, and harvest innovative ideas.

In pursuing these organic strategies, we can hope to mirror the spider plant's prolific vitality and enduring presence. May we, as stewards of innovation, cultivate ideas that are just as resilient and far-reaching.

In a world where versatility and adaptability reign supreme, nature's playbook can guide businesses toward a sustainable and prolific future. So ask yourself: how does your organization's innovation strategy parallel the humble yet instructive spider plant? The answer could very well shape your next innovation breakthrough. Creating a culture of innovation is an ongoing process, one that requires constant nurturing and adaptation. By embracing the lessons from spider plants and other natural models, SNHU Motors can cultivate an environment where creativity and growth thrive.

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